

DO ANY 3 PROBLEMS

Show All Work! Use Only Methods Discussed In Class!

Problem 1 (35 pts)

Estimate  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin x \, dx$

A) Using Trapezoidal Integration with 10 equally spaced intervals.

B) Using Simpsons 1/3 Rule with 10 equally spaced intervals.

Fill in the following table to help with the calculations. Round all calculations and calculator display numbers to 4 places after the decimal. Remember to use radians when evaluating the trigonometric function.

i	$x_i$	$f_i$
0	0.0000	0.0000
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		

Problem 2 (35 pts)

A quadratic spline is to be fit thru the following points: (0,1), (1,2), (3,3), (4,2).

The spline is given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} b_1x + c_1 & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ a_2x^2 + b_2x + c_2 & 1 \leq x \leq 3 \\ a_3x^2 + b_3x + c_3 & 3 \leq x \leq 4 \end{cases}$$

A system of 8 equations in the 8 unknowns  $b_1, c_1, a_2, b_2, c_2, a_3, b_3, c_3$  has been generated, i.e.  $A\underline{x} = \underline{b}$ . The vectors  $\underline{x}$  and  $\underline{b}$  are given below. Find the coefficient matrix A.

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ c_1 \\ a_2 \\ b_2 \\ c_2 \\ a_3 \\ b_3 \\ c_3 \end{bmatrix} \qquad b = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

SP 96  
EGN 3420

Exam 3

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Problem 3 (35 pts)

An unknown function generated the following data points:

(0,0), (1,1.6487), (3,13.4451)

A) Find the Newton Divided Difference interpolating polynomial  $f_2(x)$ .

B) The data points were generated from the function  $f(x) = xe^{x/2}$ . Find the true error in  $f_2(2.5)$ .

Problem 4 (35 pts)

Test scores of several students in two classes are given below.

Geometry (G)	Chemistry (C)
50	50
68	72
93	100
74	82
86	93
60	67

- A) Find the least squares line,  $\hat{C} = a_0 + a_1G$  for predicting Chemistry scores (C) from Geometry scores (G).
- B) Find the coefficient of determination  $r^2$
- C) Use the resulting least squares regression line to find the expected score in Chemistry for a student who made 80 on a Geometry test.

$G_i$	$C_i$	$G_i^2$	$G_iC_i$	$\hat{C}_i$	$(C_i - \hat{C}_i)^2$	$(C_i - \bar{C}_i)^2$
50	50					
68	72					
93	100					
74	82					
86	93					
60	67					